Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

SEPTEMBER, 1910.

Departments.	Cases remaining Aug. 31.	New cases.	Recovered.	Died.	Remaining Sept. 30.
Callao		1	1		
Arequipa	1		1		
Lambayeque		1		1	
Libertad	4	16	4	10	6
Lima	7	11	8	5	5
Piura		1			1

OCTOBER, 1910.

Departments.	Cases remaining Sept. 30.	New cases.	Recovered.	Died.	Remaining Oct. 31.
Callao		5	4		1
Lima	5	7	7	3	2
Lambayeque		1		1	
Libertad	6	32	9	17	10
Piura	1	1	1	1	

October 30–November 12.

Place.	Cases remaining Oct. 30.	New cases.	Recovered.	Died.	Remaining Nov. 12.
Lima	3	2	2	1	2
Callao	3		3		

Bills of health show as follows:

Valparaiso (October 26): Smallpox, many cases in the past 2 weeks.

Valparaiso (November 4): Smallpox, 75 cases and 3 deaths in the past 2 weeks.

Mollendo (November 15): One case of plague and 1 death in the past 2 weeks.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

Status of Cholera.

Passed Asst. Surg. Victor G. Heiser, chief quarantine officer for the Philippine Islands, reports, October 26 and November 3:

There has been a most gratifying decrease in the number of cholera cases. In Manila there has been only an occasional case, not amounting to more than one or two per week during the past month, and since October 21 no case has been reported.

The Provinces also show a great improvement. For the preceding week there were 171 cases reported, whereas for the week just closed the number has dropped to 80.

The outbreak which occurred at Boac, on the island of Marinduque, was completely eradicated within a period of 10 days. This latter result was particularly gratifying, because it was entirely brought about by Filipino assistant sanitary inspectors who had undergone a special course of training in cholera-suppressive measures under the direction of Passed Asst. Surg. A. J. McLaughlin.

Some weeks ago the disease was carried from Batangas to Naujan, Mindoro. This outbreak was soon completely stamped out. During the closing days of the week, however, the infection was again carried from Batangas to Naujan by one of the numerous small sailing craft that ply between those islands.

Cholera in Manila.

During the week ended October 22 there were reported in the city of Manila 2 cases of cholera, and during the week ended October 29 there was reported 1 case.

CHOLERA IN THE PROVINCES.

WEEK ENDED OCTOBER 22.

Provinces.	Cases.	Deaths.
Batangas	26	15
Bulacan	6	7
Ilocos Sur	19	17
Mountain	3	2
Nueva Ecija	5	3
Rizal	17	10
Tarlac	4	4
Total	80	58

WEEK ENDED OCTOBER 29.

Ambos Camarines	10	10
Batangas	5	10
Bulacan	8	6
Cavite	4	3
Ilocos Sur	5	3
Nueva Ecija	1	1
Rizal	9	4
Tarlac	1	1
Total	43	38

PORTUGAL.

LISBON—Plague.

Consul General Ayme reports November 22:

Since November 7 there have occurred 2 cases of pleague with 1 death, the death occurring November 8. The cases appeared in hospital. Energetic measures of disinfection have been carried out in the infected district. Of 1,000 rats taken and bacteriologically examined, none was found to be plague infected.

RUSSIA.

Status of Cholera.

Minister Rockhill at St. Petersburg reported November 14 and 19 to the Department of State:

During the week ended October 29 there were 76 cases of cholera with 29 deaths in the city of St. Petersburg, and in all Russia 449 cases with 279 deaths. During the week ended November 5 there were 25 cases with 15 deaths in St. Petersburg, and in all Russia 170 cases with 110 deaths.